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Main street

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What was the Lewis and Clark Expedition?

Presents an account of the two-and-a-half-year expedition that yielded vast knowledge of the West, geographically and scientifically.

Exploring with Lewis and Clark

The Indianization of Lewis and Clark

Although some have attributed the success of the Lewis and Clark expedition primarily to gunpowder and gumption, historian William R. Swagerty demonstrates in this two-volume set that adopting Indian ways of procuring, processing, and transporting food and gear was crucial to the survival of the Corps of Discovery. The Indianization of Lewis and Clark retraces the well-known trail of America's most famous explorers as a journey into the heart of Native America - a case study of successful material adaptation and cultural borrowing. Beginning with a broad examination of regional demographics and folkways, Swagerty describes the cultural baggage and material preferences the expedition carried west in 1804. Detailing this baseline reveals which Indian influences were already part of Jeffersonian American culture, and which were progressive adaptations the Corpsmen made of Indian ways in the course of their journey. Swagerty's exhaustive research offers detailed information
on both Indian and Euro-American science, medicine, cartography, and cuisine, and on a wide range of technologies and material culture. Readers learn what the Corpsmen wore, what they ate, how they traveled, and where they slept (and with whom) before, during, and after the return. Indianization is as old as contact experiences between Native Americans and Europeans. Lewis and Clark took the process to a new level, accepting the hospitality of dozens of Native groups as they sought a navigable water route to the Pacific. This richly illustrated, interdisciplinary study provides a unique and complex portrait of the material and cultural legacy of Indian America, offering readers perspective on lessons learned but largely forgotten in the aftermath of the epic journey.

On the River with Lewis and Clark

A study of the Lewis and Clark expedition from the perspective of Indian writers, tribal leaders, and historians examines the impact of the expedition on the native peoples it encountered, featuring contributions from newspaper editor Mark Trahant, essayist and author Debra Magpie Earling, and tribal leader Roberta Conner, among others. Reprint.

Patrons of Paleontology

This is the thrilling story of two men commissioned by President Thomas Jefferson to explore the unknown land of the Louisiana Purchase—the vast, mysterious land from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean. In 1803 Meriwether Lewis and William Clark gathered a crew of adventurous men of strength and ability to form the Corps of Discovery. Could they find a waterway passage through this unknown territory to the Pacific Ocean? Each man knew the trip would be hazardous, even life-threatening. How would the native Indian tribes react to them? How were they going to communicate with the Indians? What kind of land formations and dangers were waiting ahead? Captain Lewis said to assume the trip would take two years, a long time to be gone from home. They would claim the land as they went, doubling the size of the new nation, the United States of America.

Sacajawea

Lewis & Clark Go On A Hike: The Story of the Corps of Discovery

Dramatizes Lewis and Clark's exploration of the land west of the Mississippi River.

What Was the Lewis and Clark Expedition?
Presents a diary of Lewis and Clark's journey westward from the Mississippi to the Pacific Ocean from May 1804 to November 1805.

**Betrachtungen Über den Staat Virginia**

The story of Sacajawea, the young Native American girl who joined Lewis and Clark on their expedition through the American West as a translator, peacemaker, caretaker, and guide, is told through the alternating points-of-view of Sacajawea and William Clark, providing an intimate firsthand glimpse into this time in history.

**Lewis and Clark Lexicon of Discovery**

**The Lewis and Clark Expedition**

More than two hundred years later, the voyage of discovery with its outsized characters, geographic marvels, and wondrous moments of adventure and mystery continues to draw us along the Lewis and Clark Trail. Stephenie Ambrose Tubbs first fell under the trail's spell at sixteen and has been following in Lewis and Clark's path ever since. In essays historical and personal, she revisits the Lewis and Clark Trail and its famous people, landmarks, and events, exploring questions the expedition continues to raise, such as, What really motivated Thomas Jefferson to send out his agents of discovery? What mutinous expressions were uttered? What happened to the dog? Why did Meriwether Lewis end his own life? In the resulting trip through history, Tubbs recounts her travels along the trail by foot, Volkswagen bus, and canoe at every turn renewing the American experience inscribed by Lewis and Clark.

**The Burning Wolf**

In every generation, certain people personify the great trends that move the hearts and minds of the population. In 1803, America was still seeking its identity and its President had a vision for the country. Thomas Jefferson, the third American President, saw this new country, which he had helped to found and whose declaration he had written, as one country from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific Ocean, coast to coast! The first novel of this historical series was named, "GRIT AND GLORY" and told the story of the origins of the expedition that would open the far western lands of the Louisiana Purchase. The men of the expedition, with the help of a Shoshone Indian woman, Sacagawea, would travel thousands of miles to claim the west for the American people. The second volume, "RAGE OF THE GRIZZLY," recounts the first 1600 miles of their journey up the Missouri River into Mandan Indian Territory. This third novel, "THE BURNING WOLF," tells the story of Caleb Stuart's
important role in procuring meat for the men of the Expedition, the Corps of Discovery. The winter of 1805 brought new and
dangerous challenges to the young Virginian. His teacher, George Drouillard, a man born of French and Shawnee parentage,
was born to this frontier of the West. Soon, he and young Caleb became a hunting team, given the task of providing hundreds of
pounds of meat to the hard working men of the Expedition. "THE BURNING WOLF," follows their encounters with predators
and prey in the wild unchartered territory of the northern plains. It was a time when herds of bison and elk numbered in the
hundreds of thousands, feeding on the rich prairie grass. But, these same grass-eaters were preyed upon by large numbers of
meat-eaters: Grizzly Bears, Wolves, Mountain Lions and Coyotes. The human hunters had to fit into this natural dance of death
if they wanted to feed their fellow explorers. The stage was set for fierce conflict, daily.

Loulou
Recounts the journey into the western United States conducted by explorers Lewis and Clark, outlining their routes, personal
experiences, and encounters with the Native Americans.

In the Wake of Lewis and Clark
This book tells the compelling story of how Thomas Jefferson's vision of a sea-to-sea empire gave rise to the Lewis and Clark
Expedition, which in turn accelerated Westward expansion through mountaineers like Colter and Fitzpatrick, businessmen like
Astor and Ashley, soldiers like Fremont and Kearny, and politicians like Floyd and Benton.

Erhöhtes Risiko

History of the Expedition Under the Command of Lewis and Clark, Vol. 4 of 4
Presentation to the Polish Popular University, Associated Polish home in Philadelphia, PA. Includes copies of author's
Powerpoint slides. A brief talk to a lay audience on what the Lewis and Clark expedition was, where it went, and the
importance of its findings to the United States.

The Pacific Reporter

Die Reise des Entdeckers und Kapitäns James Cook und seiner Mitstreiter Clerke, Gore und King in die damals noch
weitestgehend unbekannte und unberührte Südsee im ausgehenden 17. Jahrhundert war eine ebenso nautische wie

**How We Crossed the West**

What is a cataplasm, and what do you do with one? Would you be insulted if someone called you argillaceous? Would you want someone to give you a clyster? Would you eat wappato? What does it mean when a canoe flacks? These are all words that were familiar to Meriwether Lewis, William Clark, and their companions, and were penned in their journals, but are less commonly used and understood today. In addition, the lexicon explains words for which the definitions have now changed. For example, the word mere used to mean absolute, downright. Accordingly, in 1768, George Washington wrote in his diary that it blew a mere Hurricane. Meriwether Lewis followed the same connotation when he recorded, a violent storm arrose the rain fell in a mere torrent. Yet in modern language, the sense of the word has evolved from nothing less than, to nothing more than. The lexicon also includes many words that were adopted from the French and Native American languages. The journals are a fascinating record of American English at the time of the greatest expansion in U.S. history, states author Alan H. Hartley. He currently works as an independent lexicographer, editor, and researcher, and has contributed to the Oxford English Dictionary, New Oxford American Dictionary, and the Oxford American College Dictionary. Hartley spent more than five years researching the history, people, and physical world of the expedition, hoping to help modern readers better understand the language of the time and appreciate its sounds as well. His special emphasis on pronunciation will be especially valuable to historical reenactors. The volume features over 1,100 entries and more than 2,000 illustrative quotations, as well as considerable background material on the English (and other languages) of the expedition. A typical entry includes the headword, pronunciation, definition, cross reference, and the related journal quotation along with date, author, and citation information. This new title will long serve as an outstanding reference tool for the Corps of Discovery journals.

**Lewis & Clark Expedition of 1803-1806**

The 22-book American Milestone series is featured as "Retailers Recommended Fabulous Products" in the August 2012 edition of Educational Dealer magazine. Read about the famous Corps of Discovery! About their amazing trip and how long it lasted! About how hard it was and how they managed to endure endless hardship! About their guide, Sacagawea and her little baby, Pomp, she carried on her back. Did they get where they were going? Did they survive? And what happened next? Inquire
within, friend, for an incredible tale of History, mystery, legend, lore, and so much more! A partial list of the Table of Contents include: A Timeline of Events Secret Undertakings and Brave Beginnings Lewis & Clark Go On a Hike Meriwether and William Prepare How to Equip an Expedition Wonders of Nature What's That I See? Who Owns This Land Anyway? Are We There Yet? The Voyage of Discovery Lewis & Clark Expedition Trivia Additional Resources to Explore! Glossary And More! This fun-fill activity book includes: Make a Canoe Make a Spyglass Make a Compass Write a Journal Entry Create the Front Page of a Newspaper Connect the Dots True or False Decipher the Code Math Problems Matching Answer the Questions Multiple Choice And Much More!

Wall Street Poker


The Lewis and Clark Expedition

When Meriwether Lewis, William Clark, and the "Corp of Discovery" left St. Louis, Missouri, on May 21, 1804, their mission was to explore the vast, unknown territory acquired a year earlier in the Louisiana Purchase. The travelers hoped to find a waterway that crossed the western half of the United States. They didn't. However, young readers will love this true-life adventure tale of the two-year journey that finally brought the explorers to the Pacific Ocean.

Tagebuch einer Entdeckungsreise nach der Südsee in den Jahren 1776 bis 1780

Lewis and Clark were two of America's most fascinating explorers--but they were only part of a larger team. Inside these pages, you'll discover what started the expedition, what were the dangers, and most importantly: what was it like to be a kid during the expedition. KidCaps is an imprint of BookCaps Study Guides; with dozens of books published every month, there's sure to be something just for you! Visit our website to find out more.


**Pardon, ich bin Christ**

The journals of Meriwether Lewis and William Clark remain the single most important document in the history of American exploration. Through these tales of adventure, edited and annotated by American Book Award nominee Landon Jones, we meet Indian peoples and see the Great Plains, the Rocky Mountains, and western rivers the way Lewis and Clark first observed them -- majestic, pristine, uncharted, and awe-inspiring.

**The True Story of Lewis and Clark**

An old man, Zack, feels that he is no longer needed and sets out on a one way journey, until his trip is interrupted and he saves a young girl, Molly, becoming an unexpected hero. The two develop a Grandfather and Granddaughter relationship as they travel across the United States following the Lewis and Clark Trail. Zack, a retired teacher, takes every chance he can get to teach Molly about the Lewis and Clark expedition. He focuses mainly on Sacagawea and her blue beads. Eventually these blue beads take on a special meaning to Molly and Zack. Along the way they meet new friends, come across dangerous predators both human and animal, experience tragedy, and learn more historical facts than they ever anticipated. All the while, Molly is starting to change for the better thanks to Zack's guidance and she experiences her first love and the heartbreak that goes with it. Meanwhile, a dark and mysterious figure looms over them. Can they escape this unseen foe? Can they enjoy this adventure forever or will it come to an end? Should she go back to school or stay forever with her new found Grandfather? What was the meaning behind their friend's tragic vision of their future? Can they stay with the Hopi forever?

**Lewis and Clark Through Indian Eyes**

Introduces Meriwether Lewis and William Clark who, during their exploration of the West for Thomas Jefferson, captured a prairie dog and sent it to the President as a gift. Simultaneous.

**Aus der Welt**

Lewis and Clark

On their remarkable journey across the North American continent, Meriwether Lewis and William Clark's "Corps of Discovery" traveled almost ten thousand miles, about nine thousand of them on rivers. With an expert's eye, Verne Huser tells us what it was like to mount and carry out such an expedition. 52 photographs, 4 line drawings, map.

Why Sacagawea Deserves the Day Off and Other Lessons from the Lewis and Clark Trail

This selection of extracts (written between 1880 and 1895) from the unpublished journals of Lewis Harcourt is designed as a companion volume to Harcourt and Son, the political biography of the Victorian statesman Sir William Harcourt published in 2004 (FDUP). Lewis Harcourt was the constant companion and confidential secretary of his father, who, during the period covered by these journals, was homesecretary and chancellor of the exchequer in the last three of Gladstone's four Liberal governments. The journals provide an insider's view of the party politics of the period, since Lewis Harcourt was closely acquainted with all his father's colleagues, including John Morley, Joseph Chamberlain, Charles Dilke, and Gladstone himself.

Meriwether Lewis

In the 19th and early 20th centuries, North American and European governments generously funded the discoveries of such famous paleontologists and geologists as Henry de la Beche, William Buckland, Richard Owen, Thomas Hawkins, Edward Drinker Cope, O. C. Marsh, and Charles W. Gilmore. In Patrons of Paleontology, Jane Davidson explores the motivation behind this rush to fund exploration, arguing that eagerness to discover strategic resources like coal deposits was further fueled by patrons who had a genuine passion for paleontology and the fascinating creatures that were being unearthed. These early decades of government support shaped the way the discipline grew, creating practices and enabling discoveries that continue to affect paleontology today.

Unknown Horizons

Journal entries chronicle the experiences Charles Floyd had while working with Lewis and Clark's Corps of Discovery in 1804.

An Old Man and a Girl
A trade paperback edition of the award-winning tale of the journey of Lewis and Clark. When Seaman, a Newfoundland dog, met his new master in August of 1803, he didn’t know that he would spend the next three years on an adventure of more than 8,000 miles to the Pacific Ocean and back. Seaman's Journal is based on actual entries in Meriwether Lewis’s journal describing Seaman, and it presents an account of the Lewis and Clark expedition as seen from the viewpoint of Lewis’s dog. Join Seaman before the trip as preparations take place. Meet the Native American guides and friends they encountered along the way. And read of Seaman’s love for Sacajawea, the Shoshone woman whose husband acted as interpreter and guide. Ages 5-8.

**Two Centuries of Lewis and Clark**

Discusses the life and career of the famous explorer, covering his childhood, popular misconceptions about him, his time as governor of the Louisiana Territory, and his suicide in 1809.

**Exploring the West**

**Die Bullet-Journal-Methode**

Recounts the story of the Lewis and Clark Expedition to explore the uncharted western wilderness, placing it in its historical context.

**Lewis and Clark**


**Seaman's Journal**
The landscape encountered by the Corps of Discovery during their multi-year, cross-country trek to the Pacific was dramatically different from the one that greeted visitors attending Portland's Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition in 1905 or the one that exists in the Pacific Northwest today. On the occasion of the bicentennial of the Lewis and Clark expedition and the centennial of the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition, the time is ripe for reconciling those earlier events with present-day activities. In Two Centuries of Lewis and Clark, William L. Lang and Carl Abbott have collaborated to address those issues. Lang scrutinizes the motivations for the Lewis and Clark expedition and the environmental ramifications of its discoveries on the people and the landscape of the Columbia River Basin. Abbott examines the ways in which the Lewis and Clark Exposition advanced President Jefferson's goal of developing the economic potential of the Pacific Northwest, particularly through the exploitation of the region's abundant natural resources. William L. Lang is professor of history at Portland State University; he is the author of a number of books including A Confederacy of Ambition: William Winlock Miller and the Making of Washington Territory. Carl Abbott is professor of urban studies and planning at Portland State University and author of several books, among them The Metropolitan Frontier: Cities in the Modern American West.

**The Essential Lewis and Clark**

Meriwether Lewis and William Clark were chosen by President Thomas Jefferson to explore the newly purchased Louisiana Territory. Readers look at the highs and lows of the Voyage of Discovery, and the roles played by the people who joined them. They will learn how first-hand accounts from journals provide primary source knowledge of this adventure, as well as how different people approach the same event from different perspectives. Paintings, photographs, and maps present the huge scope of this trek, and explain how important the journey was to America's westward expansion.

**Main street**


**Alice im Wunderland**

Excerpt from History of the Expedition Under the Command of Lewis and Clark, Vol. 4 of 4: To the Sources of the Missouri
River, Thence Across the Rocky Mountains and Down the Columbia River to the Pacific Ocean, Performed During the Years
1804-5-6, by Order of the Government of the United States N. B. - This index covers all the matter of the three preceding
volumes, intro ductory and appendicial, as well as main text and notes thereto. It is mainly an index of names, proper and
common, without analysis of what comes under them. All proper names are intended to be indexed, except a few which recur
incessantly in the main text and notes, as Lewis, Clark, the Missouri, etc and a few others of no pointed implication, as Dakota,
Montana, Indians, etc or of mere allusion. Of common names the list is pretty full, though it is exclusive, as a rule, of mere
mention, and of incessantly recurring words. Proper names are distinguished from common by capitalization, the same as if
they occurred in ordinary sentences. Personal proper names are of course entered by sur names; as, Smith, John. Names of
Indian families and tribes are in the singular number, and not followed by Iuds except in distinguishing such from places, etc of
same name. Place-names which are phrases are entered as usually spoken and written; thus, Camp Chopunnish, F ort Clatsop,
but Chopunnish r Clatsop co etc. Cross-references are made only in special cases. Variant spellings of proper names are
entered, as Arikara, Ricara, both of which require to be looked up to find out all that is given in such cases. The mode of
alphabetizing is by taking an entry-word and finishing with phrases under it, when any, before proceeding to its compounds:
thus, Cow cr., Cow isl., cowas, cowbane, cow-beetle - not cowes, Cow cr., cowbane, cow-beetle, Cow isl. This introduces a
logical element at slight infraction of the alphabet, and the nature of the matter to be indexed seemed to call for such method.
Some abbreviations are used these are chic, branch; co county cr., creek; fk., fork; Inds., Indians; isl., island; ldg.,
landing; mt., mts moun tain, mountains pra., prairie rap., rapid or rapids res., (indian) reservation r., river; spt., spring or
springs; sta., station. Roman numerals all refer to Vol. I.; the unbroken pagination of the rest of the work renders reference by
Vol. Needles in case of the arabic figures. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and
classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten
Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing
imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may
be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that
remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

What was the Lewis and Clark Expedition?

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